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TECHNICAL SHEET

B787 TRI	PLE SUGAR IRON AGAR (AS PER U.S.P)	
Formula		
Ingredients:	gms/lit.	
Peptone	10.00	
Tryptone	10.00	
Lactose	10.00	
Sucrose	10.00	
Dextrose	1.00	
Ferrous ammonium sulpha	te 0.20	
Sodium chloride	5.00	
Sodium thiosulphate	0.20	
Phenol red	0.025	
Agar	13.00	
Final pH (at 25°C): 7	3 <u>+</u> 0.2	

Directions:

Suspend 59.42 grams in 1000 ml purified/ distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Mix well and distribute into test tubes. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Allow the medium to set in form of a slope with a butt about 1 inch long.

Principle:

Tryptone and peptone provide nitrogenous compounds, sulphur, trace elements and vitamin B complex etc. Sodium chloride maintains osmotic equilibrium. Lactose, sucrose and dextrose are the fermentable carbohydrates. Sodium thiosulphate helps in reactivation of sulphur containing compounds and prevents the desiccation of these compounds during storage. It also forms the substrate for enzyme thiosulphate reductase, which breaks it to form H2S. Sodium thiosulphate and ferric or ferrous ions make H2S indicator system. Sodium thiosulphates are also inactivators of halogens and can minimize its toxicity in the testing sample, if any during microbial limit tests. Phenol red is the pH indicator.

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QC Tests - (I)Dehydrated Medium							
Colour:	Lig	Light yellow to pink					
Appearance :	Homogeneous Free Flowing powder						
(II)Rehydrated medium							
PH (post autoclaving/heating):	7.3	7.3 ± 0.2					
Colour (post autoclaving/heating):	Pin	Pinkish red					
Clarity (post autoclaving/heating):	Cle	Clear to slightly opalescent					
(III)Q.C. Test Microbiological							
Cultural characteristics observed after an inc	cubatio	n at 30-35°C fo	r 24-48 hou	rs.			
MICROORGANISM (ATCC)			SLANT	BUTT	GAS	H₂S	
Citrobacter freundii (8090)		Luxuriant	Α	Α	+	+	
Enterobacter aerogenes (13048)		Luxuriant	Α	Α	+	_	
Escherichia coli (25922)		Luxuriant	Α	Α	+	_	
Klebsiella pneumoniae (13883)		Luxuriant	Α	Α	+	_	
Klebsiella pneumoniae (10031)		Luxuriant	Α	Α	+	_	
Proteus vulgaris (13315)		Luxuriant	K	Α	-	+	
Salmonella paratyphi A		Luxuriant	K	Α	+	_	
Salmonella typhi (6539)		Luxuriant	K	Α	-	+	
Salmonella abony (NCTC 6017)		Luxuriant	K	Α	+	+	
Salmonella typhimurium (14028)		Luxuriant	K	Α	+	+	
Shigella flexneri (12022)		Luxuriant	K	Α	-		
Key: A = acidic, yellow K = alkaline, no ch	ange			_		_	
$+$ = blackening (H_2S), positive rea	ction						
- = no reaction.							
- = no reaction.							

Refer disclaimer Overleaf

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Precautions :	1. For Laboratory Use.						
	2. Follow proper, established laboratory procedures in handling and disposing of						
	infectious mate						
Limitations :	1. Since the nutritional requirements of organisms vary, some strains may be encountered that fail to grow or grow poorly on this medium.						
	2. Hydrogen sulfide production may be evident on Kligler Iron Agar but negative						
	on Triple Sugar Iron Agar. Studies by Bulmash and Fulton showed that the						
					ns responsible for		
	H_2S production. Padron and Dockstader found that not all H_2S – positive						
	Salmonella are positive on TSI.						
	3. Sucrose is added to TSI to eliminate some sucrose – fermenting non – lactose						
	fermenters such as Proteus and Citrobacter spp.						
	4. Further biochemical tests and serological typing must be performed for						
	definite identification and confirmation of organisms.						
	5. Do not use an inoculating loop to inoculate a tube of Triple Sugar Iron Agar.						
	While stabbing the butt, mechanical splitting of the medium occurs, causing a						
	false positive result for gas production.						
	6. A pure culture is essential when inoculating Triple Sugar Iron Agar. If inoculated with a mixed culture, irregular observations may occur.						
	7. Tubes should be incubated with caps loosened. This allows a free exchange of						
11	air, which is necessary to enhance the alkaline condition on the slant.						
Use :	For the identification of gram-negative enteric bacilli on the basis of dextrose,						
	lactose and sucrose fermentation and hydrogen sulphide production and is in						
Storage :	accordance to United States Pharmacopoeia.						
Storage:	Dehydrated medium- below 30°C Prepared medium- Between 2 to 8°C.						
Packing:	500 gm. bottle		mL (2E0C)	Cumplement	Ctarilination		
Product profile:			pH (25°C)	Supplement	Sterilization		
		Preparation (500g)					
B787	59.42 g/l	8.414 L	7.3 ± 0.2	NITI	121°C /15 min.		
5,0,	JJ.72 9/1	0.717 L	/.5 + 0.2	141	121 0/13 11111.		

Disclaimer:

User must ensure suitability of the product(s) in their application prior to use. Products conform solely to the information contained in this and other related BIOMARKLABORATORIES publications.

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Page 02 of 02

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