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B479 CYSTINE TELLURITE AGAR BASE									
Formula									
Ingredient:	gms								
Beef heart, infusion from 500.00									
Tryptose		.00							
Sodium chloride									
L-Cystine		05							
Agar 15.00									
Final pH (at 25°C): 7.4 <u>+</u> 0.2									
Directions:									
Suspend 40 gms. in 900 ml distilled water. Heat to boiling to dissolve the medium completely. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15lbs pressure (121°C) for 15 minutes. Cool to 50°C and aseptically add 5% v/v sterile defibrinated sheep blood and 5% v/v of 1.0% Potassium Tellurite. Mix well and pour into sterile petri plates.									
Principle:									
Medium constituents beef heart infusion and tryptose supply the necessary nutrients for the growth of Corynebacterium diphtheriae. Sheep blood also provide the necessary growth factors for Corynebacterium diphtheriae types. Potassium tellurite inhibits most upper respiratory tract normal flora other than Corynebacterium species and also inhibits the growth of majority of gram – negative bacteria. This medium is differential on th basis of the ability of Corynebacterium species to reduce tellurite where diphtheroides found in upper respiratory tract cannot reduce the tellurite. L-cystine is the source of amino acid which enhances H ₂ S production. Further biochemical tests are necessary to distinguish between Corynebacterium diphtheriae and Corynebacterium ulcerans due to similar reactions on this medium.									
Colour:			Light yellow						
Appearance:			Homogeneous Free Flowing powder						
(II)Rehydrated me			7.4 + 0.2						
pH (post autoclaving/heating) :				7.4 ± 0.2					
Colour (post autoclaving/heating): a) Basal medium : amber									
b) (With addition of blood and tellurite) : Brownish red							ownish red		
Clarity (post autoclaving/heating):			Opalescent						
(III)Q.C. Test Microbiological									
Cultural characteristics observed after									
MICROORGANISM (ATCC)			GROWTH		COLOUR OF COLONY				
Corynebacterium diphtheriae type mit			is Good			Grey, with shining			
			Nege		surface				
Enterococcus faecalis (29212)			None – poor		Minu	te, black colonies			
Escherichia coli (25922)			Inhibited			-			
Bacillus subtilis (6633)			Inhibited			-			
Precautions : 1. For Laboratory Use.									
	2. Follow proper, established laboratory procedures in handling and disposing of								
	infectious materials.								
Limitations :	1. Since the nutritional requirements of organisms vary, some strains may be								
	encountered that fail to grow or grow poorly on this medium.								
Use:	For selective isolation and differentiation of Corynebacterium diphtheriae species. Dehydrated medium- below 30°C Prepared medium- Between 2 to 8°C.								
				30°C Pr	epared i	mediu	m– Between 2 to	8°C.	
Packing: 500 gm bottle Product profile: Reconstitution Quantity on pH (25°C) Supplement Sterilization								Charille	
Prepar		Prepara	tion (500g)		pH (25°C)		Supplement	Sterilization	
B479	40g/l	12.5		L	7.4 <u>+</u> 0.2		5% v/v sterile defibrinated sheep blood and 5% v/v of 1.0% Potassium Tellurite	121ºC / 15 minutes	

Disclaimer:

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