BIOMARK Laboratories-INDIA

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Ingredients		ame	ame /lit				
Ingredients:			gms/lit.				
Lactoso		5 00	5.00				
Sodium chloride			5.00				
Dipotoccium phor	nhata	2.00	2 75				
Mononotassium phosphate			2.75				
Sodium Jauryl sulphate			0.10				
Directions:							
Directions:							
Suspend 35.6 grams in 1000 mi distilled water. Heat if necessary to dissolve the medium completely.							
Distribute into tubes containing inverted Durnams tubes. Sterilize by autoclaving at 15 lbs pressure							
(121°C) for 15 minutes. For inoculum of 1 mi or less, use single strength medium. For inocula of 10 mi or							
more, double strength or proportionate medium should be prepared.							
Principle:							
Tryptose provides essential growth substances, such as nitrogen and carbon compounds, suppate and							
trace ingredients. The potassium phosphates provide buffering system, while sodium chloride maintains							
osmotic equilibriu	im. Sodium lauryi s	suipnate ir	nnibits org	anisms other	than collforms		
QC Tests – (I)Dehydrated Medium							
Colour:							
Appearance:			Homogeneous Free Flowing powder				
(II)Rehydrated m	edium						
pH (post autoclaving/heating) :			6.8 ± 0.2				
Colour (post autoclaving/heating):			Light yellow				
Clarity (post autoclaving/heating):			Clear solution without any precipitate.				
(III)Q.C. Test Microbiological							
Cultural characteristics observed after an incubation at 35-37°C for 18-24 hours.							
MICROORGANISM (ATCC)			TH GAS F	PRODUCTION	INDOLE PRODUCTION (44°C)		
Escherichia coli (25922)		luxuria	ant positiv	e reaction	positive reaction, red ring at the		
					interface of the medium		
Enterobacter aerogenes (13048)) luxuria	ant positiv	e reaction	negative reaction, no colour		
					development		
Enterococcus faecalis (29212)			ted				
Salmonella Typhimurium (14028)			negati	ve reaction	negative reaction, no colour		
		,	5		development		
Staphylococcus aureus (25923)			ted				
Precautions :	Use.						
2. Follow proper, established laboratory procedures in handling and disposing of						disposing of	
	infectious materials						
Limitations : 1. Since the nutritional requirements of organisms vary, some strains may be encountered that fail to grow or grow poorly on this medium						s may be	
						s may se	
Use: It is used for the detection of coliforms in water, wastewater, dairy products and						products and other	
	food samples.Rec	and samples. Recommended by International Organization for Standardization (ISO)					
	1991. Draft ISO/DIS 4831.						
Storage:	orage: Dehydrated medium- below 30°C Prenared medium- Between 2 to 8°C						
Conger 500 am bottle							
Product profile: Reconstitution Quantity			v on pH (25°C)		Supplement	Starilization	
r iouuce prome:		Prenaration (500a)			Supplement	Stermzation	
P1420	25.6 a/l			60100	Nil	1210C / 1E minutes	
D1429	35.0 g/1	14.04	+4 L	0.0 ± 0.2	INII	121°C / 15 minutes	

Disclaimer:

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